

## **Senate Bill No. 635**

### **CHAPTER 422**

An act to amend Section 4904 of the Penal Code, relating to erroneously convicted and imprisoned persons.

[Approved by Governor October 1, 2015. Filed with  
Secretary of State October 1, 2015.]

#### **LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST**

SB 635, Nielsen. Erroneous conviction and imprisonment: compensation.

Existing law provides that a person who (1) has been convicted of a felony and imprisoned in the state prison or incarcerated in a county jail for that conviction, (2) is granted a pardon by the Governor for specified reasons, and (3) has served the term or any part thereof for which he or she was imprisoned, may present a claim against the state to the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board for the pecuniary injury sustained by him or her through the erroneous conviction and imprisonment, as specified. Existing law provides an opportunity for the Attorney General to respond to a claim, and for a hearing on the claim, as specified. Existing law provides that if the evidence shows that the crime with which the claimant was charged was either not committed at all, or, if committed, was not committed by the claimant, and that the claimant has sustained pecuniary injury through his or her erroneous conviction and imprisonment, the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board shall report the facts of the case and its conclusions to the Legislature, with a recommendation that an appropriation be made by the Legislature for the purpose of indemnifying the claimant for the pecuniary injury. Existing law provides that the amount of the recommended appropriation shall be a sum equivalent to \$100 per day of incarceration served after the claimant was convicted.

This bill would expand the scope of a compensable injury to include nonpecuniary injuries. The bill would increase the amount of the recommended appropriation to \$140 per day of incarceration served after the claimant was convicted, as specified. This bill would make other technical, nonsubstantive changes.

*The people of the State of California do enact as follows:*

SECTION 1. Section 4904 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

4904. If the evidence shows that the crime with which the claimant was charged was either not committed at all, or, if committed, was not committed by the claimant, and that the claimant has sustained injury through his or

her erroneous conviction and imprisonment, the California Victim Compensation and Government Claims Board shall report the facts of the case and its conclusions to the next Legislature, with a recommendation that the Legislature make an appropriation for the purpose of indemnifying the claimant for the injury. The amount of the appropriation recommended shall be a sum equivalent to one hundred forty dollars (\$140) per day of incarceration served, and shall include any time spent in custody, including in a county jail, that is considered to be part of the term of incarceration. That appropriation shall not be treated as gross income to the recipient under the Revenue and Taxation Code.